

# **ATONAL FUN DIP**

*FLUTE AND PIANO*

*Michel DEFOURNY, November 2022*





### Note about the title

This piece of music has been written using a whole-tone scale. The question is: is that *whole tone scale* music an atonal music? Certainly not completely – though it is not a tonal music either.

Now, consider that it is just a small dip, not a deep dive.

### Note for the performers:

This small note is written to help performers read easily the score of this piece of music. The latter is composed in a whole-tone scale, using conventionally and constantly the following alterations:



However, be aware that

- Some accidental alterations can occur (mainly in some chromatic phrases)
- Some measures switch to the alternate whole-tone scale, using these conventional alterations:



flat symbols are used to help recognize the change.

- Some few measures (90-93) are written in an “equally-spaced tetratonic scale”, which corresponds in fact to the notes of a diminished seventh chord.

Enjoy!



# **ATONAL FUN DIP**

*Conductor score*

*Michel DEFOURNY, November 2022*



# ATONAL FUN DIP

flute and piano

Michel DEFOURNY, 2022

*J. = 70*

Flute

Piano

Fl.

Pia.

Fl.

Pia.

Fl.

Pia.

Fl.

Pia.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13

14 Fl. Pia.  
 15  
 16 A f  
 17 18 19  
 20 21 22  
 23 24 25

This musical score page contains four systems of music for Flute (Fl.) and Piano (Pia.).

- System 1:** Measures 14-16. The flute plays eighth-note patterns. The piano provides harmonic support with chords. Measure 16 includes a dynamic marking ***f*** and a circled letter **A**.
- System 2:** Measures 17-19. The flute continues its eighth-note patterns. The piano provides harmonic support with chords.
- System 3:** Measures 20-22. The flute plays eighth-note patterns. The piano provides harmonic support with chords.
- System 4:** Measures 23-25. The flute plays eighth-note patterns. The piano provides harmonic support with chords.

26 27 28 29 
  
 Fl. *dim.* Pia. *mp*  
*dim.* *mp*  
*dim.*

**B**  
 30 31 32 33 
  
 Fl. *mf* Pia. *mf*  
*mf*

34 35 36 37 
  
 Fl. *cresc.* Pia. *cresc.*  
*cresc.*

38 8 
  
 Fl. Pia. 8

39 Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
*f*
  
 41 Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
 42 Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
*f*
  
 43 Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
*p*
  
 44 Rit. Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
*p*
  
 45 Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
 46. = 52 Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
 47 Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
*mf*
  
 48 Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
*mf*
  
 49 Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
 C
  
 50 Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
 51 Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
  
 52 Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
 53 Fl. 
  
 Pia.

54 Fl. ♯  
 Pia. { ♯ b. VI  
 55 Fl. ♯ b. VI  
 Pia. { VI  
 56 Fl. ♯ b. VI  
 Pia. { VI  
*cresc.*  
*cresc.*  
*cresc.*  
 58 Fl. 6/8 ♯ VI  
 Pia. { 6/8 VI  
*f*  
 59 Fl. 6/8 ♯ VI  
 Pia. { 6/8 VI  
*f*  
 60 Fl. 6/8 ♯ VI  
 Pia. { 6/8 VI  
*mp*  
 61 Fl. 6/8 ♯ VI  
 Pia. { 6/8 VI  
*mp*  
 62 Fl. 6/8 ♯ VI  
 Pia. { 6/8 VI

**D**  
 Fl.  
 Pia.

63 -  
 64 *p*  
*f*  
*f*

65 *f*  
 66

67

68  
 69

70 Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
 71 Fl. 
  
 Pia.

72 Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
 73 Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
 74 Fl. 
  
 Pia.

75 Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
 76 Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
 77 Fl. 
  
 Pia.

78 Fl. 
  
 Pia. 
  
 79 Fl. 
  
 Pia.

80 Fl. Pia.  
 81  
 82 Fl. Pia.  
 83  
 84 Fl. Pia.  
 85 86 87  
 88 Fl. Pia.  
 89 90 91

**F**  $\text{♩} = 100$

**Fl.**  
**Pia.**

$\text{cresc.}$   
 $mfp$

92

Fl.

Pia.

93

94

95

Fl.

Pia.

96

97

Fl.

Pia.

98

99

100

Fl.

Pia.

101

102

103 Fl. 
 104 Pia. 
 105

106 Fl. 
 107 Pia. 
 108
 109

110 Fl. 
 111 Pia. 
 112
 113

114 Fl. 
 115 Pia. 
 116
 117
 118

This musical score page contains four systems of music for flute and piano. The first system (measures 103-105) shows the flute playing eighth-note chords and the piano providing harmonic support. The second system (measures 106-109) features the flute playing sustained notes and sixteenth-note patterns, while the piano provides rhythmic patterns. The third system (measures 110-113) shows the flute playing eighth-note chords and the piano providing harmonic support. The fourth system (measures 114-118) shows the flute playing eighth-note chords and the piano providing harmonic support. Measure numbers are placed above the staves, and dynamic markings like *p*, *cresc.*, and *f* are included where applicable.

G

Fl. Pia.

119 120 121 122 123

8

Fl. Pia.

124 125 126 127 128 129 130

Fl. Pia.

131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138

*f*

ad libitum, accel.

139 D.S. al Coda  
 Fl. -  
 Pia. *mf*  
140 141  
J. = 130 J. = 70

---

142 H (a tempo: J. = 70)  
 Fl. 143  
 Pia. *f*  
144

144 Fl. 145  
 Pia. 146  
147

148 Fl. 149  
 Pia. ,

150

Fl.

Pia.

151

8

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system, labeled '150', features a single flute part with a sustained note at the top of the staff. Below it, a piano part is shown with two staves: a treble staff and a bass staff. The piano part begins with eighth-note patterns starting with a sharp, followed by a sustained note. The second system, labeled '151', continues the piano part with eighth-note patterns, some of which include accidentals like sharps and flats. A measure repeat sign is present, and the number '8' is written above the piano staff.

152

Rit

8

153

3

154

Fl.

Pia.

This musical score page contains three systems of music. The first system, labeled '152', shows the flute playing eighth-note patterns with a ritardando (indicated by 'Rit'). The piano part is shown with two staves: treble and bass. The second system, labeled '153', continues the piano part with eighth-note patterns and includes a measure repeat sign. The third system, labeled '154', concludes the piano part with eighth-note patterns. The piano staff ends with a sustained note.



# **ATONAL FUN DIP**

*Flute score*

*Michel DEFOURNY, November 2022*



Flute

# ATONAL FUN DIP

flute and piano

Michel DEFOURNY, 2022

The sheet music consists of ten staves of musical notation for flute, with piano accompaniment indicated by measure numbers. The tempo is marked as  $\text{♩} = 70$ . The instrumentation includes a treble clef flute part and a piano part.

**Measure 1:**  $\text{♩} = 70$ , 6/8 time, dynamic *mf*. The flute part features a series of eighth-note patterns with various accidentals (sharps and flats).

**Measure 2:** Measure number 3 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 3:** Measure number 4 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 4:** Measure number 5 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 5:** Measure number 6 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 6:** Measures 7 through 11 are shown. The piano part is indicated by measure numbers 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11.

**Measure 7:** Measure number 12 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 8:** Measure number 13 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 9:** Measure number 14 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 10:** Measure number 15 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 11:** Measure number 16 is shown above the staff. The dynamic *f* is indicated.

**Measure 12:** Measures 17 through 21 are shown. The piano part is indicated by measure numbers 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21.

**Measure 13:** Measure number 22 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 14:** Measure number 23 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 15:** Measure number 24 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 16:** Measure number 25 is shown above the staff. The dynamic *dim.* is indicated.

**Measure 17:** Measure number 26 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 18:** Measure number 27 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 19:** Measure number 28 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 20:** Measure number 29 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 21:** Measure number 30 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 22:** Measure number 31 is shown above the staff. The dynamic *mp* is indicated.

**Measure 23:** Measure number 32 is shown above the staff. The dynamic *mf* is indicated.

**Measure 24:** Measures 33 through 37 are shown. The piano part is indicated by measure numbers 33, 34, 35, 36, and 37. The dynamic *cresc.* is indicated.

**Measure 25:** Measure number 38 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 26:** Measure number 39 is shown above the staff. The dynamic *f* is indicated.

**Measure 27:** Measures 40 through 44 are shown. The piano part is indicated by measure numbers 40, 41, 42, 43, and 44. The dynamic *p* is indicated. A ritardando (Rit.) is indicated at measure 44.

**Measure 28:** Measure number 45 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 29:** Measures 46 through 50 are shown. The piano part is indicated by measure numbers 46, 47, 48, 49, and 50. The dynamic *C* is indicated.

**Measure 30:** Measure number 51 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 31:** Measure number 52 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 32:** Measure number 53 is shown above the staff.

**Measure 33:** Measure number 54 is shown above the staff.

55      
  
**D**      **f**  
**p**      **mp**      **f**  
**E**  
**p**      **f**  
**F**  
**J = 100**

97 
  
 98 
  
 99 
  
 100 
  
 101 
  
 102 
  
 103 
  
 104 
  
**f**

105 
  
**p**
  
*cresc.*
  
**f**
  
**G**

117 
  
**mf**

129 
  
**f**
  
**3**
  
**3**
  
**3**
  
**3**
  
**3**
  
**3**
  
**3**
  
**3**
  
**H**
  
*(a tempo: ♩ = 70)*
  
**mf**

139 
  
**mf**
  
*D.S. al Coda*

143 
  
**f**

147 
  
**f**
  
**f**
  
**f**
  
**f**
  
**f**

152 
  
**Rit**
  
**f**
  
**f**
  
**3**



# **ATONAL FUN DIP**

*Piano score*

*Michel DEFOURNY, November 2022*



Piano

# ATONAL FUN DIP

flute and piano

Michel DEFOURNY, 2022

The musical score is composed of six staves of music for flute and piano. The tempo is indicated as  $\text{J.} = 70$ . The score includes the following measures:

- Measures 1-6: Flute and piano play eighth-note patterns. Measure 3 features a fermata over the piano part. Measures 4-6 show increasing complexity in the piano's patterns.
- Measures 7-9: The piano part continues with eighth-note patterns, while the flute provides harmonic support.
- Measures 10-12: The piano part becomes more active, featuring sixteenth-note patterns and dynamic changes.
- Measures 13-16: The piano part continues with sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 16 is marked **A** and **f**.
- Measures 17-19: The piano part concludes with eighth-note patterns.

Dynamics and other markings include *mf*, *f*, and fermatas. The score is set in common time, with various key signatures throughout.

20

23

24

25

26

*dim.*

27

28

29

*mp*

30

*mp*

**B**

31

*mf*

32

33

34

35

*cresc.*

36

37

38

8

39

*f*

40

41

42

43

44

Rit.

45

*z* = 52

46

*z*

48

**C**

49

*mf*

*p*

*p*

*mf*

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

*cresc.*

*cresc.*

57     
 
  
 58     
 
  
 59     
 
  
 60     
 
  
 61     
 
  
 62     
 
  
 63     
 
  
 64     
 
  
 65     
 
  
 66     
 
  
 67     
 
  
 68     
 
  
 69     
 
  
 70     
 
  
 71

72

73

74

75

*mp*

$\frac{12}{8}$

$\frac{12}{8}$

76

77

78

**E**

*p*

$\frac{9}{8}$

$\frac{9}{8}$

79

80

*f*

$\frac{9}{8}$

$\frac{9}{8}$

81

82

83

84

85

86

**F**

$\text{♩} = 100$

*mp*

87

88

89

90

*cresc.*

mf

8

91

92

93

b

#

94

95

96

#

b

#

97

98

99

*f*

#

b

#

100

101 8

102

103

b

#

b

#

A musical score for piano, page 10, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and has a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and has a key signature of one flat. Measure 104 ends with measure 8. Measures 105 through 107 are shown, separated by vertical bar lines. Measure 105 consists of six eighth-note chords. Measure 106 begins with a dynamic marking *p* and consists of six eighth-note chords. Measure 107 consists of six eighth-note chords.

Musical score for piano showing measures 108-111. The score consists of two staves. Measure 108 starts with a dynamic of 8. Measures 109 and 110 show eighth-note patterns with various accidentals. Measure 111 begins with a dynamic of crescendo (cresc.). Measures 110 and 111 conclude with eighth-note chords.

A musical score for piano, showing staves for both hands. The left hand (treble clef) and right hand (bass clef) play eighth-note patterns. Measure 112 ends with a repeat sign and a double bar line. Measures 113-116 show the continuation of the pattern, with measure 115 featuring a dynamic marking 'f'.

A musical score for piano, showing two staves. The top staff is treble clef and the bottom is bass clef. Measure 117 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 118 features a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 119 begins with a eighth-note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 120 shows a eighth-note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 121 consists of eighth-note pairs. Measure 122 concludes with a eighth-note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure numbers 117 through 122 are indicated above the staves, and measure 8 is indicated at the top center.

Musical score for piano, page 123-130. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in G major (indicated by a boxed 'G') and the bottom staff is in C major (indicated by a 'C'). Measure numbers 123 through 130 are shown above the staves. The dynamic 'mf' is indicated in measure 123. The music features various chords and bass notes, with measure 128 containing a prominent eighth-note bass line.

131

ad libitum, accel.

**H**

$\theta$  (a tempo:  $\text{♩} = 70$ )

139

D.S. al Coda

143

147

8

Rit

151

152

153

154